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^ "USP". "United States Pharmacopeia" and "National Formulary". Published by. Retrieved September 11, 2005. Archived from the original PDF on December 19, 2016. ^ - OCLC 1853001175. Retrieved February 18, 2009. "National Formulary" contains only the official prescribing information, typically found on prescription medicines labels. As all pharmacopoeias are updated on a regular basis, some of the information in this book may not be up to date. View All (3) USP 31–NF 26 View All (3) Usph 31–Nf 26 View All (3) View All (3) To be a registered user on ICPSR. ^"Compendium USP–NF". United States Pharmacopeia. Retrieved September 11, 2005. ^ "In Memoriam: Francis Kennedy". Archived from the original PDF on December 19, 2016. Enhanced macroion proton exchange via nanoscale pH gradients. Macroion self-exchange across a supported membrane is suppressed when the membrane is exposed to a nanoscale pH gradient; such as one that results from attaching pH-sensitive dyes to the interior of the membrane. However, if the pH-sensitive dyes are attached to the support rather than the membrane, the dyes are sensitive to the local surface potential, and dye-surface potential coupling results in the nonlinear suppression of macroion self-exchange across the support. The suppression of macroion self-exchange is not a general effect of surface potential coupling in that the attachment of dyes on the membrane surface results in a substantial increase in the rate of macroion self-exchange. High-performance liquid chromatographic determination of butyltin chlorides in organic acids and culture medium samples. A high-performance liquid chromatographic method for the determination of the butyltin (BT) chlorides, BT-dichloride, BT-monochloride, BT-monobromide, and BT-trichloride in samples of organic acids and culture media is presented. The separation is carried out on a reversed-phase column with the application of an aqueous solution containing tetra-n-butylammonium hydroxide as an ion-pairing agent. After the derivatization of the BT-chlorides, butyltin dimethylcarboxylates were chromat 2d92ce491b